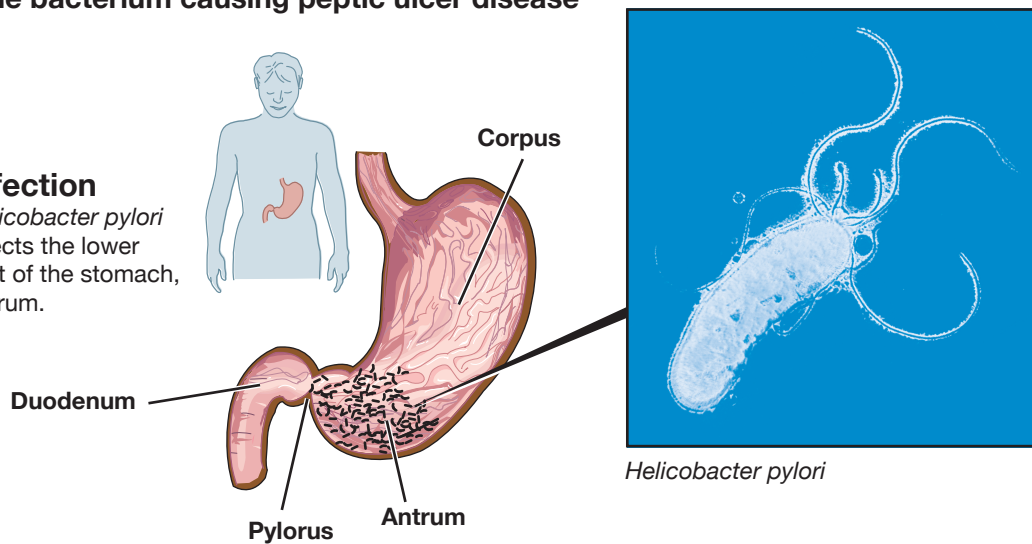


Helicobacter pylori

— the bacterium causing peptic ulcer disease

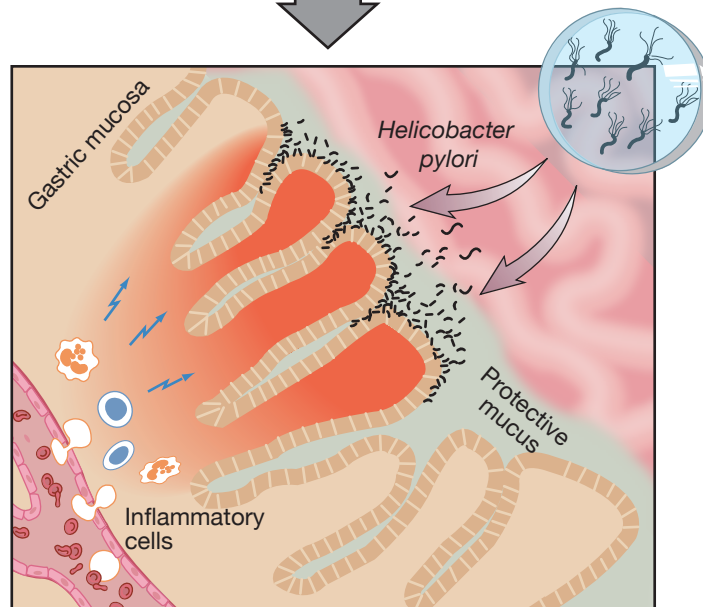
Infection

Helicobacter pylori infects the lower part of the stomach, antrum.



Inflammation

Helicobacter pylori causes inflammation of the gastric mucosa (gastritis). This is often asymptomatic.



Ulcer

Gastric inflammation may lead to duodenal or gastric ulcer. Severe complications include bleeding ulcer and perforated ulcer.

