

THE NOBEL PRIZE

Quiz – All 2025 Nobel Prizes

1.
What is the name of the science in focus in the 2025 Nobel Prize in Physics?
A. Astrophysics
B. Quantum mechanics
C. Thermodynamics

2.
In the world of atoms, particles are sometimes able to go straight through a barrier. The 2025 Nobel Prize laureates in physics have shown that this can also happen in an electrical circuit that we can see and hold in our hands. What is this phenomenon called?
A. Rocking
B. Bouncing
C. Tunnelling

3.
The 2025 Nobel Prize in Chemistry recognises the development of an entirely new material that, for example, is able to capture carbon dioxide from factories. What is this material called?
A. MIFs
B. MOFs
C. MUFs.

4.
What is the 2025 Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine about?
A. The human genome
B. The immune system
C. The digestive system

5.
The discovery of so-called regulatory T cells was awarded the 2025 Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine. How may we refer to these cells by using a simple term?
A. Security guards
B. Killers
C. Assistants

6.
From which country is the author László Krasznahorkai, who was awarded the 2025 Nobel Prize in Literature?
A. Canada
B. Hungary
C. India

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7.

The 2025 Nobel Prize laureate in literature, László Krasznahorkai, has written a book called *Herscht 07769* that is 300 pages long. What makes this book so special?

- A. There is only a single full stop.
- B. There are no full stops at all.
- C. There are no commas.

8.

What is the name of the politician who fights for human rights and was awarded the 2025 Nobel Peace Prize?

- A. Malala Yousafzai
- B. Maria Corina Machado
- C. Martin Luther King

9.

In which South American country is the 2025 peace prize laureate fighting for democracy?

- A. Brazil
- B. Mexico
- C. Venezuela

10.

The 2025 economic sciences laureates have explained why many people in the world have become increasingly better off in the last 200 years. The laureates have found two explanations. Which ones?

- A. More knowledge and new inventions
- B. More knowledge and fewer diseases
- C. Fewer diseases and new inventions